## Timester Challenge <br> Ratio Proportion Algebra Problems

The following table shows a proportional relationship between $r$ and $t$.
Write an equation to describe the relationship between $r$ and $t$.

| $\boldsymbol{r}$ | $\boldsymbol{t}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 3 |
| 42 | 7 |
| 90 | 15 |

The ratio of $x: y$ is $5: 7$
Circle the correct statement.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
x \text { is } \frac{5}{12} \text { of } y & x \text { is } \frac{7}{5} \text { of } y \\
x \text { is } \frac{5}{7} \text { of } y & x \text { is } \frac{2}{7} \text { of } y \\
\text { Bronze }
\end{array}
$$



The ratio of $x: y=2: 3$.
Write an expression for the perimeter of the triangle in terms of $x$.


Silver
Find the unknown value in the proportion $(3 x+2): 2=(x+1): 5$ Leave your answer as a fraction in it's simplest form.

## Timester Challenge <br> Ratio Proportion Algebra Problems Answers

The following table shows a proportional relationship between $r$ and $t$.
Write an equation to describe the relationship between $r$ and $t . \quad r: t=18: 3$

| $\boldsymbol{r}$ | $\boldsymbol{t}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 3 |
| 42 | 7 |
| 90 | 15 |

$$
\frac{r}{t}: 1=\frac{18}{3}=1
$$

Bronze
$\frac{r}{t}=9$

The ratio of $x: y$ is 5:7
Circle the correct statement.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
x \text { is } \frac{5}{12} \text { of } y & x \text { is } \frac{7}{5} \text { of } y \\
x \text { is } \frac{5}{7} \text { of } y & x \text { is } \frac{2}{7} \text { of } y
\end{array}
$$

When 2: $x=3: 6$, find the value of $x$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{2}{x}: 1 \quad \frac{3}{6}: 1 & \frac{2}{x}=\frac{3}{6} \\
& 12=3 x \\
& x=4 \quad \text { Silver }
\end{array}
$$

The ratio of $x: y=2: 3$.
Write an expression for the perimeter of the triangle in terms of $x . \quad \frac{x}{y}=\frac{2}{3}$

$$
3 x=2 y
$$

$$
y=\frac{3 x}{2}
$$

Perimeter $=4 x+3 y+3 y$

$$
=4 x+6 y
$$

$$
=4 x+6\left(\frac{3 x}{2}\right)
$$

$$
=4 x+9 x=13 x
$$

Silver

Find the unknown value in the proportion

$$
(3 x+2): 2=(x+1): 5
$$

Leave your answer as a fraction in it's simplest form.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3 x+2}{2}: 1=\frac{x+1}{5}: 1 \\
& \frac{3 x+2}{2}=\frac{x+1}{5} \\
& 5(3 x+2)=2(x+1) \\
& 15 x+10=2 x+2 \\
& 13 x+10=2 \\
& 13 x=-8 \\
& x=-\frac{8}{13} \quad \text { Gold }
\end{aligned}
$$

